

## PROBLEMA DE HANSEN

### SOLUCIÓN

Dadas las coordenadas planimétricas de dos puntos A y B, calcular las de los puntos C y D, con las siguientes observaciones:

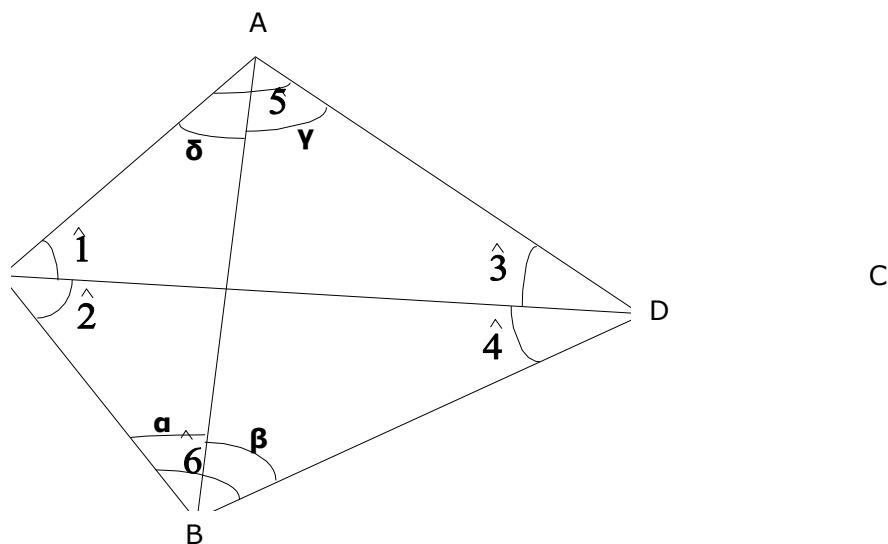
Punto de estación	Punto visado	Lectura horizontal
C	A	285,1520
	D	337,7713
	B	386,7801
D	B	5,2115
	C	52,0373
	A	105,3131

Punto	X	Y
A	4.325,72	4.826,31
B	4.128,62	625,15

### SOLUCIÓN:

$$\begin{aligned} X_C &= 2.180,37 & X_D &= 6.315,30 \\ Y_C &= 2.610.07 & Y_D &= 2.507,12 \end{aligned}$$

### RESOLUCIÓN NUMÉRICA



Por diferencia de lecturas, calculamos algunos de los ángulos interiores:

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{l} &= 52,6193; \hat{\alpha} = 49,0088; \hat{\beta} = 53,2758; \\ \hat{d} &= 46,8258; \hat{\gamma} = 94,1049; \hat{\delta} = 104,1654. \end{aligned}$$

Por diferencia de coordenadas, calculamos:

$$AB = 4205,781m; \quad \theta_A^B = 202,9846.$$

Aplicamos el teorema de los senos:

$$\frac{AB}{\sin(\hat{l} + \hat{2})} = \frac{AC}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$AB = AC \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{l} + \hat{2})}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\frac{AB}{\sin(\hat{3} + \hat{4})} = \frac{AD}{\sin(\hat{6} - \alpha)}$$

$$AB = AD \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{3} + \hat{4})}{\sin(\hat{6} - \alpha)}$$

Igualando:

$$AC \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{l} + \hat{2})}{\sin \alpha} = AD \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{3} + \hat{4})}{\sin(\hat{6} - \alpha)}.$$

Pero

$$\frac{AC}{\sin \hat{3}} = \frac{AD}{\sin \hat{l}}$$

$$AD = AC \bullet \frac{\sin \hat{l}}{\sin \hat{3}}$$

Sustituyendo,

$$AC \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{l} + \hat{2})}{\sin \alpha} = AC \bullet \frac{\sin \hat{l}}{\sin \hat{3}} \bullet \frac{\sin(\hat{3} + \hat{4})}{\sin(\hat{6} - \alpha)}.$$

Dando valores,

$$\frac{0,99967}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{0,99064}{\sin(104,1654 - \alpha)} \bullet \frac{1,00911}{1,00911}.$$

Operando,

$$\sin \alpha = 1,00911 \bullet (\sin 104,1654 \bullet \cos \alpha - \cos 104,1654 \bullet \sin \alpha).$$

Simplificando,

$$\sin \alpha = 1,006955 \bullet \cos \alpha + 0,065979 \bullet \sin \alpha .$$

$$\alpha = 52,3911$$

$$\beta = 51,7743$$

$$\delta = 45,9808$$

$$\gamma = 48,1241$$

$$\theta_A^C = \theta_A^B + \delta = 248,9654.$$

$$\frac{AC}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{AB}{\sin(\hat{1} + \hat{2})}$$

$$AC = 3084,520m.$$

Ya podemos determinar las coordenadas de C:

**C (2180,367; 2610,069).**

$$\theta_A^D = \theta_A^B - \gamma = 154,8605. \frac{AD}{\sin \beta} = \frac{AB}{\sin(\hat{3} + \hat{4})}; AD = 3055,660m.$$

Finalmente, determinamos las coordenadas de D:

**D (6315,299; 2507,122).**