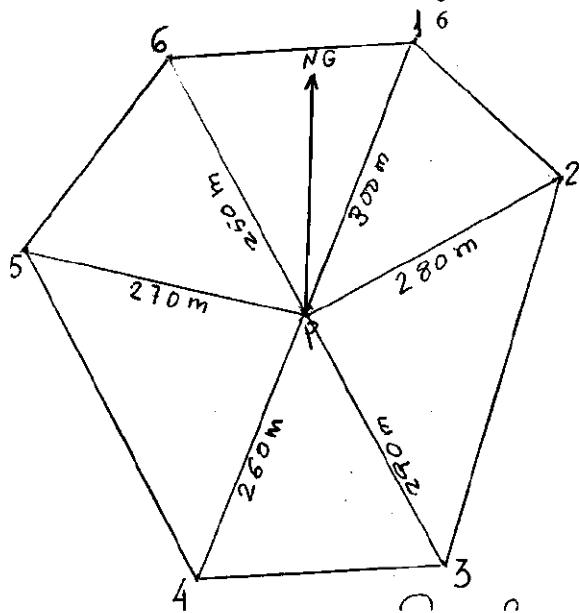


Necesitamos sacar tierras de una finca sensiblemente horizontal. Queremos saber qué volumen podremos extraer si excavamos a 2m de profundidad.
Los datos de campo, tomados desde un punto central de la finca, son los siguientes:

ESTACIÓN Ptos. VISADOS AZIMUT $D_r (m)$

P		AZIMUT	$D_r (m)$
	1	20°	300
	2	60°	280
	3	150°	290
	4	200°	260
	5	280°	270
	6	330°	250



Ángulos:

$$\widehat{1P2} = 60^\circ - 20^\circ = 40^\circ$$

$$\widehat{2P3} = 150^\circ - 60^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$\widehat{3P4} = 200^\circ - 150^\circ = 50^\circ$$

$$\widehat{4P5} = 280^\circ - 200^\circ = 80^\circ$$

$$\widehat{5P6} = 330^\circ - 280^\circ = 50^\circ$$

$$\widehat{6P1} = 20^\circ - 330^\circ + 360^\circ = 50^\circ$$

Superficie de cada triángulo:

$$S \widehat{P12} = \frac{1}{2} (280 \times 300 \sin 40^\circ) = 26.997 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S \widehat{P23} = \frac{1}{2} (290 \times 280 \sin 90^\circ) = 40.600 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S \widehat{P34} = \frac{1}{2} (260 \times 290 \sin 50^\circ) = 28.880 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S \widehat{P45} = \frac{1}{2} (270 \times 260 \sin 80^\circ) = 34.567 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S \widehat{P56} = \frac{1}{2} (250 \times 270 \operatorname{sen} 50^\circ) = 25.854 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S \widehat{P61} = \frac{1}{2} (300 \times 250 \operatorname{sen} 50^\circ) = 28.726 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S_{total} = \sum S_i = 185.624 \text{ m}^2$$

Volumen de tierra a extraer:

$$V = 185.624 \text{ m}^2 \times 2 \text{ m} = 371.284 \text{ m}^3$$